

**Iso-Analytical Limited*****Report of Analysis*****IA-R041 – <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>13</sup>C L-Alanine Laboratory Standard**

This laboratory standard is intended to provide a sample of known isotope composition with <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>14</sup>N and <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratios stated in parts per thousand difference (‰) from Air and the V-PDB (Pee Dee Belemnite) isotope ratio standards, respectively. This laboratory standard is not certified, but is provided to allow routine checking of the overall quality of measurements performed by continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry, and may be used as part of a quality control program. It is not intended for use as a substitute for calibration materials or inter-comparison materials distributed by NIST or IAEA.

Analysis

The <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>14</sup>N isotope ratio of the laboratory standard was measured by elemental analyser continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry using IAEA-N-1 (Ammonium Sulphate) as the calibration material. The <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>14</sup>N isotope ratio in the laboratory standard was measured five times on three separate occasions.

The <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio of the laboratory standard was measured by elemental analyser continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry using IAEA-CH6 (ANU Sucrose) as the calibration material. The <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio in the laboratory standard was measured five times on three separate occasions.

Isotope Abundance

The laboratory standard IA-R041 is compared to Air for the <sup>15</sup>N/<sup>14</sup>N isotope ratio and V-PDB for the <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio. The isotope composition of the laboratory standard in ‰ relative to Air and V-PDB is:

Laboratory Standard	$\delta^{15}\text{N}_{\text{Air}} (\text{‰})$ $\delta_m \pm \sigma_1$	$\delta^{13}\text{C}_{\text{V-PDB}} (\text{‰})$ $\delta_m \pm \sigma_1$
IA-R041	-5.56 ± 0.14	-23.33 ± 0.10

Note:  $\delta_m = \sum_{i=1}^n \delta_i/n$  ;  $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (\delta_m - \delta_i)^2/(n-1)}$  ;  $n = 15$  for <sup>13</sup>C and 15 for <sup>15</sup>N

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